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Listing of the Claims:

The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

SUM MY

1 (Currently Amended). A protection switching method for a passive optical network (PON) system including

an optical line terminal for switching between a first active-system transmission/reception section and a first standby-system transmission/reception section by using a switch,

a plurality of network unit units for selectively connecting second active-system transmission/reception sections and second standby-system transmission/reception sections to subscriber terminals upon switching said sections through selectors in the event of a communication abnormality, and

transmission paths for star-connecting said second active-system transmission/reception sections to said first active-system transmission/reception section, and also star-connecting said second standby-system transmission/reception sections to said first standby-system transmission/reception section, characterized by comprising the steps of:

detecting a communication abnormality in at least one activesystem virtual path established between said optical line terminal and said subscriber terminal through said transmission path and said network unit; and

upon detection of a communication abnormality in the activesystem virtual path, causing said switch to switch only the transmission paths to establish a standby-system virtual path between said optical line terminal and said subscriber terminal serving as a communication partner, without affecting communication through normal virtual paths in the PON system.

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| | 2 (Original). A method according to claim 1, wherein |
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| 2 | the method further comprises the step of simultaneously |
| 3 | transmitting warning signals indicating communication abnormalities from |
| 4 | said network units, and |
| 5 | the step of establishing comprises the step of simultaneously |
| 6 | switching a plurality of active-system virtual paths between said optical |
| 7 | line terminal and said subscriber terminals to a plurality of standby-system |
| 8 | virtual paths by simultaneously swiftching/controlling all ports of said |
| 9 | switch in said optical line terminal upon reception of the warning signals. |
| | |
| 1 | 3 (Original). A method according to claim 1, wherein |
| 2 | the method further comprises the step of simultaneously |
| 3 | transmitting warning signals indicating communication abnormalities from |
| 4 | said network units which have accessed signals distributed from said |
| 5 | optical line terminal, and |
| 6 | the step of establishing comprises the step of simultaneously |
| 7 | switching a plurality of active-system virtual paths between said optical |
| 8 | line terminal and said subscriber terminals to a plurality of standby-system |
| 9 | virtual paths by simultaneously switching/controlling predetermined ports |
| 10 | of said switch in said optical line terminal upon reception of the warning |
| 11 | signals. |
| | |
| 1 | 4 (Original). A method according to claim 1, further comprising the steps |
| 2 | of: |
| 3 | transmitting a selector switching signal from said optical line |
| 4 | terminal to said network unit when a communication abnormality in the |
| 5 | active-system virtual path is detected; and |
| 6 | selectively switching said active-system transmission/reception |
| 7 | section and said standby-system transmission/reception section in said |

| 8 | network unit when the selector switching signal is received. |
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| 1 | 5 (Original). A method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of |
| 2 | setting an active-system virtual path and standby-system virtual path |
| 3 | between said optical line terminal and said subscriber terminal in different |
| 4 | bands. |
| 1 4 1 | |
| bull 10 1 | 6 (Original). A method according to claim 1, wherein |
| 2 | the method further comprises the step of setting, in different bands, |
| 3 | a plurality of first active-system virtual paths running through said first and |
| 4 | second active-system transmission/reception sections, a plurality of second |
| 1 5 | active-system virtual paths running through said first and second standby- |
| 6 | system transmission/reception sections, first standby-system virtual paths |
| 7 | running through said first and second active-system transmission/reception |
| 8 | sections, and second standby-system virtual paths running through said |
| 9 | first and second standby-system transmission/reception sections, and |
| 10 | the step of establishing comprises the step of switching the virtual |
| 11 | path to one of the first and second standby-system virtual paths through |
| 12 | said switch when a communication abnormality is detected in one of the |
| 13 | first and second active-system virtual paths. |
| | |
| 1 | 7 (Original). A method according to claim 6, further comprising the step of |
| 2 | resetting the second active-system virtual path and the second standby- |
| 3 | system virtual path to share a band assigned to said first active-system |
| 4 | transmission/reception/section when communication abnormalities are |
| 5 | detected in all said first active-system virtual paths. |
| | |
| 1 | 8 (Original). A method according to claim 6, further comprising the step of |
| 2 | resetting the first active-system virtual path and the first standby-system |
| 3 | virtual path to share a band assigned to said first active-system |

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| 4 | transmission/reception section when communication abnormalities are | | |
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| 5 | detected in all said second active-system virtual paths. | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | 9 (Original). A method according to claim 1, wherein | | |
| 2 | the method further comprises the step of setting a plurality of | | |
| 3 | active-system virtual paths in different bands, and | | |
| 4 | the step of establishing comprises the step of, when a | | |
| 5 | communication abnormality occurs in one of the active-system virtual | | |
| 6 | paths, limiting a band set for the remaining normal active-system virtual | | |
| 7 | paths and using a surplus band as a standby-system virtual path. | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | 10 (Currently Amended). A method according to claim 1, wherein | | |
| 2 | the method further comprises the step of setting a plurality of | | |
| 3 | active-system virtual paths and a plyrality of standby-system virtual paths, | | |
| 4 | and / | | |
| 5 | the step of establishing further comprises the step of switching | | |
| 6 | active-system virtual paths, except for an active-system virtual path | | |
| 7 | assigned to a specific subscriber terminal for which no protection is | | |
| 8 | required, to standby-system virtual paths, except for a standby-system | | |
| 9 | virtual path assigned to said specific subscriber terminal, in the even event | | |
| 10 | of communication abnormalities in the active-system virtual paths except | | |
| 11 | for the active-system virtual path assigned to said specific subscriber | | |
| 12 | terminal. | | |
| | . / | | |
| 1 | 11 (Currently Amended). A method according to claim 1, wherein | | |
| 2 | the method further comprises the steps of: | | |
| 3 | setting a plurality of active-system virtual paths between said | | |
| 4 | subscriber terminal and a plurality of first transmission/reception means | | |
| 5 | corresponding to said active-system transmission/reception section; and | | |
| 6 | setting a standby-system virtual path between said subscriber | | |

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7 terminal and second transmission/reception means corresponding to said 8 stanby standby-system transmission/reception section, and 9 the step of establishing comprises the step of, when an abnormality 10 is detected in an active-system virtual path, switching the active-system virtual path in which the abnormality is detected to/a standby-system 11 12 virtual path by using a band held by said second transmission/reception 13 means. 1 12 (Currently Amended). A protection switching apparatus for a passive 2 optical network (PON) system characterized by comprising: 3 an optical line terminal having a first active-system 4 transmission/reception section and a first/standby-system 5 transmission/reception section for transmitting/receiving signals and 6 detecting communication abnormalities in transmission paths; 7 a plurality of network units each having a second active-system 8 transmission/reception section and a second standby-system 9 transmission/reception section respectively connected to said first active-10 system transmission/reception section and said standby-system 11 transmission/reception section through the transmission paths, said 12 network units being star-connected to said optical line terminal through the 13 transmission paths; 14 selectors which are respectively arranged in said network units to select said second active-system transmission/reception section and said 15 16 second standby-system transmission/reception section connected to normal 17 transmission paths, one of said selected second active-system 18 transmission/reception section and said selected second standby-system 19 transmission/reception/section being connected to subscriber terminals; 20 a switch which is arranged in said optical line terminal to establish a virtual path between said optical line terminal and said network unit by 21

switching and connecting the transmission path between said first active-

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| 23 | system transmission/reception section and said first standby-system |
| 24 | transmission/reception; and |
| 25 | a first control section which is arranged in said optical line terminal |
| 26 | to control said switch, upon detection of a communication abnormality in |
| 27 | the transmission path, so as to switch only the abnormal transmission path |
| 28 | to a normal transmission path without affecting communication through |
| 29 | normal virtual paths in the PON system, thereby reestablishing a virtual |
| 30 | path to said subscriber terminal in which the communication abnormality |
| 31 | has occurred, the virtual path being constituted by an active-system virtual |
| 32 | path and a standby-system virtual path. |
| | |
| 1 | 13 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the |
| 2 | transmission path is formed from a metal line. |
| | |
| 1 | 14 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the |
| 2 | transmission path is formed from a coaxial cable. |
| | |
| 1 | 15 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the |
| 2 | transmission path is an optical/transmission path, and said network unit is |
| 3 | an optical network unit. |
| | |
| 1 | 16 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the optical |
| 2 | transmission paths respectively star-connect said second active-system |
| 3 | transmission/reception section and said second standby-system |
| 4 | transmission/reception section to said first active-system |
| 5 | transmission/reception section and said first standby-system |
| 6 | transmission/reception/section through photocouplers. |
| | |
| 1 | 17 (Currently Amended). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein |
| 2 | said switch outputs an ATM (Asymphronous Transmission Mode) cell to |

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| 3 | one of a plurality of ports, to which said first active-system |
|---|--|
| 4 | transmission/reception section and said first standby-system |
| 5 | transmission/reception section are connected, in accordance with a header |
| 6 | value added to the ATM cell. |
| 1 | 18 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein said switch |
| 2 | determines an output port for data in a synchronous transfer mode in |
| 3 | accordance with a time slot of a frame. |
| 1 | 19 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein |
| 2 | said network units transmit warning signals indicating |
| 3 | communication abnormalities in the transmission paths, and |
| 4 | said first control section switches/controls all ports of said switch |
| 5 | to simultaneously switch virtual paths between said optical line terminal |
| 6 | and said subscriber terminals from active-system virtual paths to standby- |
| 7 | system virtual paths upon simultaneously receiving the warning signals |
| 8 | from said network units. |
| 1 | 20 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein |
| 2 | said network units which have accessed signals distributed from |
| 3 | said optical line terminal transmit warning signals indicating |
| 4 | communication abnormalifies in the transmission paths, and |
| 5 | said first control section switches/controls predetermined ports of |
| 6 | said switch to simultaneously switch virtual paths between said optical line |
| 7 | terminal and said subscriber terminals from active-system virtual paths to |
| 8 | standby-system virtual paths upon simultaneously receiving the warning |
| 9 | signals from said network units. |
| 1 | 21 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein |
| 2 | said first control section transmits a selector switching signal to |

3 said network unit when a communication abnormality is detected in the 4 transmission path, and 5 said network unit comprises a second control section for 6 controlling said selector to selectively switch said second active-system 7 transmission/reception section and said second standby-system 8 transmission/reception section upon reception of the selector switching 9 signal from said optical/line terminal. 22 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the active-1 system virtual path and the standay-system virtual path between said 2 3 optical line terminal and said subscriber terminal are set in different bands. 23 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the virtual path comprises a plurality of first active-system virtual/paths running through 3 said first and second transmission/reception sections, a plurality of second 4 active-system virtual paths running through said first and second standby-5 system transmission/reception sections, a first standby-system virtual path 6 running through said first and second active-system transmission/reception 7 sections, and a second standby-system virtual path running through said 8 first and second standby-system transmission/reception sections, the first 9 and second active-system virtual paths and the first and second standby-10 system virtual paths being set in different bands, and 11 said first control section controls said switch to switch the virtual path to one of the first and second standby-system virtual paths when a 12 communication abnormality is detected in one of the first and second 13 14 active-system virtual paths. 1 24 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 23, wherein when 2 communication abnormalities are detected in all the first active-system 3 virtual paths, a second active-system virtual path and a second standby-

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25 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 23, wherein when

system transmission/reception section.

system virtual path are reset to share a band assigned to said first standby-

communication abnormalities are detected in all the second active-system

virtual paths, a first active-system virtual path and a first standby-system

virtual path are reset to share a band assigned to said first active-system

28 (Currently Amended). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein

a plurality of active-system virtual paths are set between said

subscriber terminals and a plurality of first transmission/reception means

| | 5 | transmission/reception section. |
|------------|---|--|
| | 1 | 26 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein |
| , 1 | 2 | a plurality of active-system virtual paths are set in different bands, |
| CaN | 3 | and / |
| Corl 1 | 4 | when a communication abnormality is detected in an active-system |
| // | 5 | virtual path, a band set for remaining normal active-system virtual paths is |
| / r | 6 | limited, and a surplus band is used as a standby-system virtual path. |
| | 1 | 27 (Original). An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein |
| | 2 | a plurality of active-system virtual paths and a plurality of standby- |
| | 3 | system virtual paths are set, and |
| | 4 | said first control section controls said switch, in the event of |
| | 5 | communication abnormalities in active-system virtual paths except for an |
| | 6 | active-system virtual path assigned to a specific subscriber terminal for |
| | 7 | which no protection is required, so as to switch. the active-system virtual- |
| | 8 | paths in which the communication abnormalities have occurred to standby- |
| | 9 | system virtual paths except for a standby-system virtual path assigned to |

said specific subscriber terminal.

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second transmission/reception means.

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| corresponding to said active-system transmission/reception section | ns, |
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| a standby-system virtual path forming a virtual path is set | between |
| said subscriber terminal and second transmission/reception means | 5 |
| corresponding to said stanby standby-system transmission/recepti | on |
| section, and | |
| when an abnormality is detected in an active-system virtua | al path, |
| the active-system virtual path in which the abnormality has been | detected |
| is switched to a standby-system virtual path by using a band held | by said |